

REMARKS

Claims 1-40 are pending in the above-identified application. In the Final Office Action dated February 23, 2007, the Examiner made the following disposition:

- A.) Rejected claims 1, 3-5, 7-9, 16-20, 22-24, 26-28, and 32-38 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over *Wolzien* in view of *Moon* in view of *Dureau*.
- B.) Rejected claims 2, 6, 10-15, 21, 25, and 29-31 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over *Wolzien* in view of *Moon* in view of *Dureau* and further in view of *Matthews*.
- C.) Rejected claims 39 and 40 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over *Wolzien* in view of *Moon* in view of *Dureau* and further in view of *Goldschmidt*.

Applicant respectfully traverses the rejections and addresses the Examiner's disposition below.

- A.) Rejection of claims 1, 3-5, 7-9, 16-20, 22-24, 26-28, and 32-38 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over *Wolzien* in view of *Moon* in view of *Dureau*:

Applicant respectfully disagrees with the rejection.

Applicant's independent claims 1, 5, 16, 20, 24, 32, and 35 each claim subject matter relating to determining whether access site information corresponding to a detailed information has been registered, and furnishing the access site information if the access site information has been registered.

This is clearly unlike *Wolzien* in view of *Moon* and *Dureau*. As acknowledged by the Examiner, *Wolzien* and *Moon* fail to teach this claimed subject matter. *Office Action of 2/23/2007*, page 3. The Examiner argues that *Dureau* teaches the claimed subject matter. Applicant disagrees.

Dureau describes a receiver that receives a notification of whether a content is trusted. When the content is trusted, then the receiver uses the content without having to further verify the content. If the content is not trusted, then the receiver performs a verification process on the content. If the content cannot be verified, then it is discarded. *Dureau* 6:22-34.

Dureau's determination of whether content can be trusted is unrelated to determining whether access site information has been registered. As described in Applicant's specification, access site information may be, for example, an Internet IP address, URL, e-mail address, or telephone number relating to an access site. Applicant's claimed invention determines whether the access site information has been registered. Nowhere does *Dureau* suggest determining whether access site information has been registered. Instead, *Dureau* describes determining whether content can be trusted, which is unrelated to determining whether access site information has been registered.

Therefore, *Wolzien* in view of *Moon* and *Dureau* fails to disclose or suggest claims 1, 5, 16, 20, 24, 32, and 35.

Claims 3, 4, 7-9, 17-19, 22, 23, 26-28, 33, 34, and 36-38 depend directly or indirectly from claims 1, 5, 16, 20, 24, 32, or 35 and are therefore allowable for at least the same reasons that claims 1, 5, 16, 20, 24, 32, and 35 are allowable.

Applicant respectfully submits the rejection has been overcome and requests that it be withdrawn.

B.) Rejection of claims 2, 6, 10-15, 21, 25, and 29-31 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over *Wolzien* in view of *Moon* in view of *Dureau* and further in view of *Matthews*:

Applicant respectfully disagrees with the rejection.

Claims 10, 13, and 29 have been amended to claim subject matter relating to determining whether access site information has been registered, and furnishing the access site information if the access site information has been registered.

Applicant's independent claims 1, 5, 10, 13, 20, 24, and 29 each claim subject matter relating to determining whether access site information has been registered, and furnishing the access site information if the access site information has been registered.

This is clearly unlike *Wolzien* in view of *Moon* in view of *Dureau* as discussed above. *Matthews* also fails to disclose or suggest determining whether access site information has been registered, and furnishing the access site information if it has been registered. Therefore, *Wolzien* in view of *Moon* and *Dureau* and further in view of *Matthews* still fails to disclose or suggest claims 1, 5, 10, 13, 20, 24, and 29.

Claims 2, 6, 11, 12, 14, 15, 21, 25, 30, and 31 depend directly or indirectly from claims 1, 5, 10, 13, 20, 24, or 29 and are therefore allowable for at least the same reasons that claims 1, 5, 10, 13, 20, 24, and 29 are allowable.

Applicant respectfully submits the rejection has been overcome and requests that it be withdrawn.

C.) Rejection of claims 39 and 40 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over *Wolzien* in view of *Moon* in view of *Dureau* and further in view of *Goldschmidt*:

Applicant respectfully disagrees with the rejection.

Claim 1 is allowable over *Wolzien* in view of *Moon* and *Dureau* as discussed above. *Goldschmidt* still fails to disclose or suggest determining whether access site information has been registered, and furnishing the access site information if it has been registered. Therefore, *Wolzien* in view of *Moon* and *Dureau* and further in view of *Goldschmidt* still fails to disclose or suggest claim 1.

Claims 39 and 40 depend directly or indirectly from claim 1 and are therefore allowable for at least the same reasons that claim 1 is allowable.

Applicant respectfully submits the rejection has been overcome and requests that it be withdrawn.

Conclusion

In view of the above amendments and remarks, Applicant submits that all claims are clearly allowable over the cited prior art, and respectfully requests early and favorable notification to that effect. The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any fees which may be required, to Deposit Account No. 19-3140.

Respectfully submitted,

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